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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/886,327 06/21/2001		6/21/2001	James Allen McEwen	1077-023-PWH	6889	
21034	7590	04/11/2003				
IPSOLON I	LLP		EXAMINER			
805 SW BROADWAY, #2740 PORTLAND, OR 97205				BUI, V	BUI, VY Q	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				3731	<u>a</u>	
				DATE MAILED: 04/11/2003	2	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
	09/886,327	MCEWEN, JAMES ALLEN						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Vy Q. Bui	3731						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 J	<u>une 2001</u> .							
,	s action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine								
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		.) (4) (6)						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
 Certified copies of the priority document 								
2. Certified copies of the priority document								
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2 	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)						

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-18 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-7 of U.S. Patent No. 6,361,548. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they cover the same main subject matters such as a cuff and an associate sleeve and the claims in the present invention read on the invention as claimed in US Pat. 6,361,548.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 1. Claims 1, 5-6, 11, 13-15 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS' cuff (now is SAMMONS PRESTON ROLYAN, Bolingbrook, Illinois).

Regarding claims 1, 5-6, 11, 13-15 and 18, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS, Inc., Memphis, Tennessee discloses a pair of a tourniquet cuff and a stockinette sleeve and inherently a method of using the pair of the tourniquet cuff and the stockinette sleeve. The pair comprises a tourniquet cuff having a length sufficient for encircling a limb having a limb circumference within a range of not less than a predetermined minimum (cuff overlap about four inches, first page, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS) and not more than a predetermined maximum (cuff overlap about three inches, first page SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS), and wherein the cuff has a color code thereon

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that is indicative of that range (see list of color coding on third page, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS' disposable cuffs), a stretchable protection sleeve/stockinette sleeve made of stockinette applied to the limb such that the sleeve circumference should be less than the limb's circumference to avoid any wrinkles in the stockinette sleeve (item 4, page 1, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS), and instrument for pressurize the cuff. SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS discloses stockinette sleeve standard on each tourniquet (see third page, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS' disposable cuffs). Inherently, there must be a means (such as a label, a mark, an alphabet code, a color code ...) to indicate a match between a cuff and an associated stockinette sleeve to help a physician to select a right pair of cuff and stockinette sleeve to use on a patient. Alternatively, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to mark or label a sleeve to match an associate cuff so as to help a physician or a user to identify the right pair of cuff and sleeve for a patient.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 2-4, 8-10, 12 and 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS, Inc. (now is SAMMONS PRESTON ROLYAN, Bolingbrook, Illinois).

As to claim 2-3, 7 and 12, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS does not expressly disclose same color-coding for a pair of a cuff and an associate sleeve. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to mark both a cuff and an associate sleeve with the same color to help a user to identify and match quickly a separate cuff and its associate sleeve and avoid a use of a pair a cuff and a unmatched sleeve, which could render a tourniquet procedure less effective.

As to claims 4 and 17, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS does not disclose a separate sealed package for a matching pair of a cuff and a sleeve. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to put a pair of a cuff and an associate sleeve in a package, such as a sealed plastic bag, so as to pre-select the right pair of a cuff and an associate sleeve for a user.

Regarding claims 8-10, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS, Inc., Memphis,
Tennessee discloses substantially all limitations as recited in the claims except the
manner in which the sleeve is constructed to carry the color code thereon. It would
have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was
made to construct the sleeve as claimed for this is just one way to make the sleeve and
this construction would make no critical effect to the performance of the device.

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3. Claim 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS, Inc., Memphis, Tennessee.

Regarding claim 16, SMITH and NEPHEW RICHARDS, Inc., Memphis, Tennessee does not disclose the stockinette sleeve applying a pressure less than a predetermined pressure of 2 mmHg on the limb. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make experiments to determine the optimum value predetermined pressure of 2 mmHg since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. SMITH et al (4,650,475) discloses same color coding of a cuff and a sleeve in a medical device.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vy Q. Bui whose telephone number is 703-306-3420. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael J Milano can be reached on 703-308-2496. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-2708 for regular communications and 703-308-2708 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0858.

VQE

April 9, 2003